

### Exercise 1. Functional Notation

1. If  $f(x) = 6x^2 - 2x + 1$  find  $f(0)$ ,  $f(1)$ ,  $f(2)$ ,  $f(-1)$  and  $f(-3)$ .
2. If  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 5x - 7$  find  $f(1)$ ,  $f(2)$ ,  $f(-1)$ ,  $f(2) - f(-1)$ .
3. Given  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 2$  prove that  $f(1) = \frac{1}{7}f(2)$
4. If  $f(x) = -x^2 + 3x + 6$  find  $f(2)$ ,  $f(2+a)$ ,  $f(2+a) - f(2)$  and  $\frac{f(2+a) - f(2)}{a}$

## Exercise 2. Gradient of a Curve

1. Plot the curve  $f(x) = 4x^2 - 1$  for values of  $x$  from  $x = -1$  to  $x = +4$ . Label the coordinates  $(3, f(3))$  and  $(1, f(1))$  as  $J$  and  $K$ , respectively. Join points  $J$  and  $K$  to form the chord  $JK$ . Determine the gradient of chord  $JK$ . By moving  $J$  nearer and nearer to  $K$  determine the gradient of the tangent of the curve at  $K$ .

### Exercise 3 Differentiation from first principles

In Problems 1 to 12, differentiate from first principles.

1.  $y = x$

2.  $y = 7x$

3.  $y = 4x^2$

4.  $y = 5x^3$

5.  $y = -2x^2 + 3x - 12$

6.  $y = 23$

7.  $f(x) = 9x$

8.  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{3}$

9.  $f(x) = 9x^2$

10.  $f(x) = -7x^3$

11.  $f(x) = x^2 + 15x - 4$

12.  $f(x) = 4$

13. Determine  $\frac{d}{dx}(4x^3)$  from first principles

14. Find  $\frac{d}{dx}(3x^2 + 5)$  from first principles

#### Exercise 4. Differentiation of $y=ax^n$ by the general rule

In Problems 1 to 8, determine the differential coefficients with respect to the variable.

1.  $y = 7x^4$

2.  $y = \sqrt{x}$

3.  $y = \sqrt{t^3}$

4.  $y = 6 + \frac{1}{x^3}$

5.  $y = 3x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{x}$

6.  $y = \frac{5}{x^2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^7}} + 2$

7.  $y = 3(t-2)^2$

8.  $y = (x+1)^3$

### Exercise 5. Differentiation of sine and cosine functions

1. Differentiate with respect to  $x$ : (a)  $y = 4 \sin 3x$   
(b)  $y = 2 \cos 6x$
2. Given  $f(\theta) = 2 \sin 3\theta - 5 \cos 2\theta$ , find  $f'(\theta)$
3. An alternating current is given by  $i = 5 \sin 100t$  amperes, where  $t$  is the time in seconds. Determine the rate of change of current when  $t = 0.01$  seconds
4.  $v = 50 \sin 40t$  volts represents an alternating voltage where  $t$  is the time in seconds. At a time of  $20 \times 10^{-3}$  seconds, find the rate of change of voltage
5. If  $f(t) = 3 \sin(4t + 0.12) - 2 \cos(3t - 0.72)$  determine  $f'(t)$

### Exercise 6. Differentiation of $e^{ax}$ and $\ln ax$

1. Differentiate with respect to  $x$ :

(a)  $y = 5e^{3x}$  (b)  $y = \frac{2}{7e^{2x}}$

2. Given  $f(\theta) = 5 \ln 2\theta - 4 \ln 3\theta$ , determine  $f'(\theta)$

3. If  $f(t) = 4 \ln t + 2$ , evaluate  $f'(t)$  when  $t = 0.25$

4. Evaluate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  when  $x = 1$ , given  $y = 3e^{4x} - \frac{5}{2e^{3x}} + 8 \ln 5x$ . Give the answer correct to 3 significant figures.